

### **Overview of CFF and Challenges <del>They</del>** We Face

Alexander Elbert Senior Director, Patient Registry, CFF, USA



### **CF Care Center Network**



The CF Foundation sustains a network of 121 accredited CF care centers (comprised of 121 pediatric care programs, 105 adult care programs and 51 affiliate programs) across the United States.

### **CF Center Structure**

# Minimum Requirement

- CF Center Director
- CF Center Associate Director
- CF Center Coordinator
- SW, Nurse, Dietician, RT, PT, administrator
- Recommended: psychologist, pharmacist
- Involvement of: Endocrinologist, GI, ID (infectious disease)

Important: Accredited CF center <u>must</u> participate in CF Patient Registry

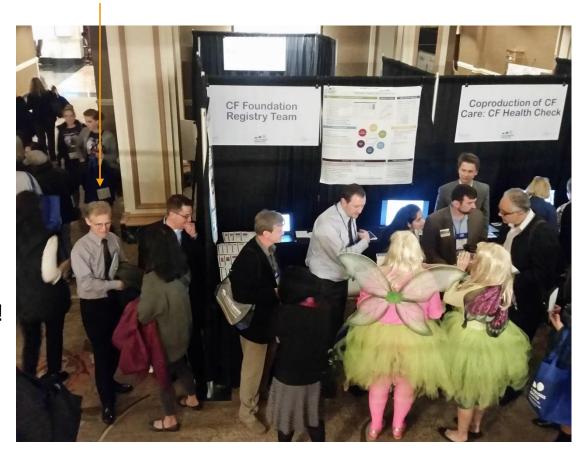


## **Meet the Registry Team**



Freshly published 2015 report!

Clinical Affairs department is headed by Dr. Bruce Marshall, SVP of CFF



QI Fair at NACFC 2017



Annual

**Reports** 

**Produced** 

1960s

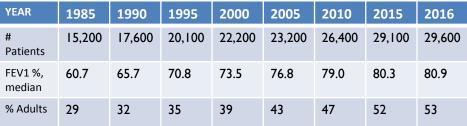
**CF** Registry

started by

Dr. Warwick

1980s

## **US CF Registry Timeline of Events**



**CFF** begins to maintain Registry under

leadership of Dr. Bob

Beall

1999

Center

Specific

Reports

Genotypes

Paper

questionnaire

Annual

Demograph

Treatments

Exacerbatio

ics

ns

1994

center outcomes made public 2006 ₩ Detailed

medication collection

Metrics on

- Mycolytics Inhaled
- antibiotics
- Bronchodil ators
- Corticoste roids

2017

Centers started

2010

Enhanced Web-

based platform

Encounter

based

Ability to

embed

studies

CRMS and

diagnoses

disorders

Expanded

collection in

genotypes

and infants

under 2 vears

microbiology,

added

data

CFTR -related

using registry data

via CFSmartReports

in pre-visit planning

### **International Comparisons**

Pediatrics. 2012 Feb;129(2):e348-55. doi: 10.1542/peds.2011-0567. Epub 2012 Jan 16.

Comparison of the US and Australian cystic fibrosis registries: the impact of newborn screening.

Thorax. 2015 Mar;70(3):229-36. doi: 10.1136/thoraxjnl-2014-205718. Epub 2014 Sep 25.

Children and young adults with CF in the USA have better lung function compared with the UK.

Ann Intern Med. 2017 Apr 18;166(8):537-546. doi: 10.7326/M16-0858. Epub 2017 Mar 14.

Survival Comparison of Patients With Cystic Fibrosis in Canada and the United States: A Population-Based Cohort Study.

### floppy disks Quarterly

Data transfer on

- Height
- Weight
- Pulmonary **Functions**
- Microbiolo gy

Separate

reports

created

clinical

general

commun

for

and

CF

ity

# 2003 2002

Web-based platform

### Encounter based

- Height
- Weight
- Pulmona ry Functio
- Microbi ology



# **US CF Registry**

# "The best registry in America, in my opinion, is the cystic fibrosis registry"



### Martin Adel Makary, M.D., M.P.H.

Surgical Director, Johns Hopkins Multidisciplinary Pancreas Clinic

Professor of Surgery, Interview to National Public Radio, 2015



### **Uses of CF Registry**

DISEASE SURVEILLANCE FRAMEWORK FOR CLINICAL TRIALS POST-MARKETING SURVEILLANCE STUDIES

QUALITY IMPROVEMENT COMPARATIVE EFFECTIVENESS RESEARCH

INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS













Track progress in curing CF and the impact of treatments

Test promising new therapies Ensure safety and effectiveness of approved products Provide all people with CF with high quality care Promote evidence-based clinical decision making Compare impact of different health systems

- Pre-visit planning
- Predictive analytics
- Recruiting patients for clinical trials



### **CF Patient Registry Today**

### Inclusion criteria

- Seen at CF Care Center
- Consent to participate

### Data collected at

- Diagnosis
- Clinic Visits and Annually
- Hospitalizations and Home IV treatments

Download a copy at **CFF.org/InsightCF** 

### WHAT TYPES OF INFORMATION CAN YOU FIND IN THE CYSTIC FIBROSIS FOUNDATION PATIENT REGISTRY?



- Age at diagnosis
- Method of diagnosis: newborn screening, respiratory and/or gastrointestinal symptoms, failure to thrive
- CFTR gene mutations
- Sweat test results

- · Age
- Sex Race
- Ethnicity
- Vital status
- State of residence
- Personal and parental education

- Smoking status

- · Health insurance
- Employment status

### Marital status

- coverage

### transplant, gastrointestinal Length of hospital stay

- Antibiotics Mucus thinners
- Bronchodilators
- Anti-inflammatories
- Airway clearance
- techniques
- · Pancreatic enzymes Nutritional supplements

Location of care: clinic.

 Providers seen during clinic visit

 Reason for hospitalization: pulmonary exacerbation,

hospital or home



- CFTR modulators
- · Growth hormone
- Insulin
- Oxygen

### OTHER CONDITIONS AND EVENTS

- CF-related diabetes
- Asthma
- Sinus disease
- Gastroesophageal (acid) reflux disease (GERD)
- Liver disease
- Allergic bronchial pulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA)
- Osteoporosis
- Depression and anxiety
- Pregnancy



 Transplant: lung, liver, kidney

### MEASUREMENTS & SCREENING TESTS

- · Height and weight
- · Lung function
- · Cultures: Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Staphylococcus aureus, Burkholderia cepacia complex, nontuberculous mycobacteria
- Pancreatic function
- Screenings: mental health, bone health, CF-related diabetes





See the Annual Data Report for a full list of the data collected by the CF Foundation Patient Registry: www.cff.org/Our-Research/CF-Patient-Registry, Questions? Email us at pfrac@cff.org.



### **CF Patient Registry Data Collection Forms**

### **CF** Diagnosis

**Demographics** 

**Annual Review** 

Care Episode

**Encounter** 

**Note** 

File Upload

CF Diagnosis								
Diagnosis Information								
History of patient diagnosis								
Date is an approximation	[approxdiagnosisdate]							
Date of diagnosis (may be earlier than first sweat test):	DD MMM YYYY [diagnosisdate] [precision=3]							
Diagnosis	▼							
	[patient_dx]							
Patient was diagnosed with CF after false negative result by newborn screening	Yes [1] No [2] Unknown [3] (newbornscreen]							
Note: CRMS cases are identified by positive newborn screening	ng							
Diagnosis suggested by the following:								
Acute or persistent respiratory abnormalities [1]								
CBAVD (absent vas deferens) or related abnormalities [	[2]							
Digital clubbing [3]								
DNA Analysis [4]								
Edema [5]								
☐ Electrolyte imbalance [6]								
☐ Elevated immunoreactive trypsinogen (IRT) at CF newb	orn screening [7]							
Failure to thrive/malnutrition [8]								
Family history [9]								
☐ Infertility/GU abnormalities [10]								
<ul><li>Less than 2 identified disease causing mutations [11]</li></ul>								
Liver problems [12]								
■ Meconium ileus/other intestinal obstruction (provide de	tails below) [13]							

## **CLINICAL STUDY DESIGN**

# The Cystic Fibrosis Foundation Patient Registry Design and Methods of a National Observational Disease Registry

Emily A. Knapp<sup>1</sup>, Aliza K. Fink<sup>1</sup>, Christopher H. Goss<sup>2</sup>, Ase Sewall<sup>3</sup>, Josh Ostrenga<sup>1</sup>, Christopher Dowd<sup>1</sup>, Alexander Elbert<sup>1</sup>, Kristofer M. Petren<sup>1</sup>, and Bruce C. Marshall<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Cystic Fibrosis Foundation, Bethesda, Maryland; <sup>2</sup>Department of Medicine, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington; and <sup>3</sup>Sewall, Inc., Bethesda, Maryland

### From 1986 through the end of 2014:

- 48,463 unique patients
- 632,022 person-years of data,
- 2,497,178 clinic visits, and
- 241,984 hospitalizations and/or home IV episodes



### **CF Registry at a glance in 2017**

Data on 30,000 patients was entered by more than 700 people from 124 sites;

It included: 197,000 + Encounters (including annual);

24,000 + Home or Hospital IV treatments;

890 + New CF Diagnoses;

570+ Newborns with CF;

1,500 + Lung Transplant patients.

Each CF patient had, on average, 4.4 encounter records in the registry. Each patient's record could have up to ~850 raw data elements available to describe health and socio-economic status

Registry has data on more than 50,000 patients since 1982!



# **CF Patient Registry Web Platform (PortCF) strengths**



- 1. Stable and well learned application
- 2. Mature processes
- 3. Well thought out registry platform
- 4. Built-in features to improve data quality

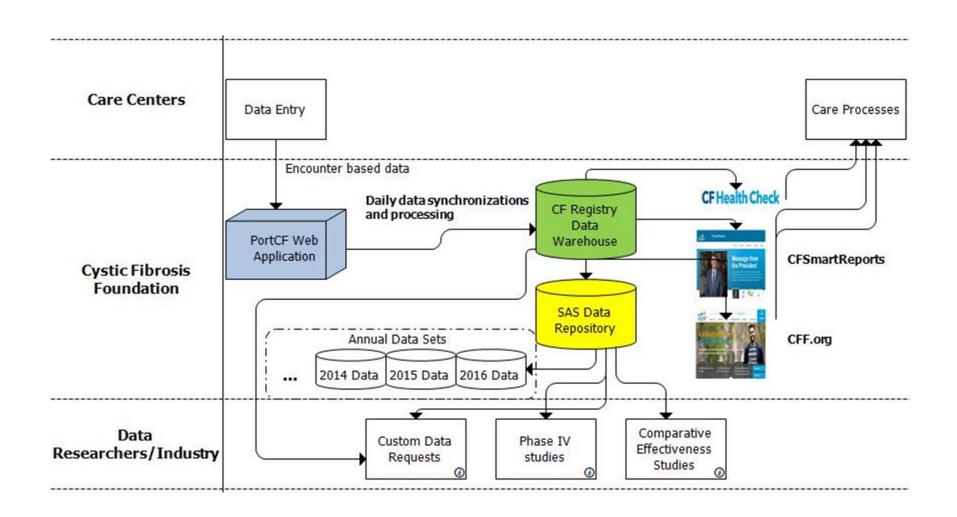


Weaknesses

- 1. Code and application is not owned by CFF
- 2. Maintenance and changes are expensive
- 3. Reporting tools need improvement, ... and we don't want to improve them .
- 4. Obsolete underlying technology
- 5. Manual data entry



### **Registry Data Flow**



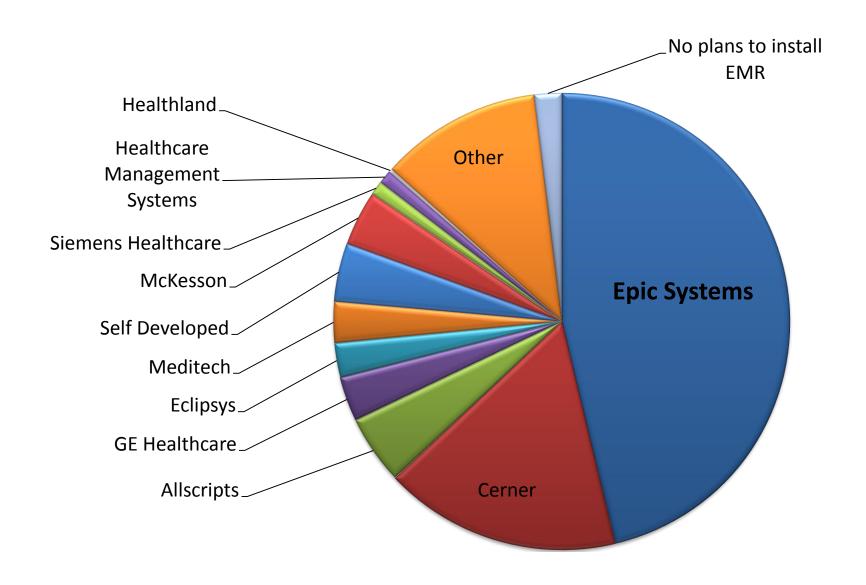


# Why we still don't use EMR – registry data exchanges

- 1. Not all data elements that we collect exist in EMR. Examples: classes of antibiotics; participation in observational and interventional studies, assistance from a Patient Assistance Program, mother/father education, etc.
- 2. In-patient and out-patient data could be stored in different EMRs
- 3. Different levels of local IT support to CF care teams
- 4. Necessity to maintain PortCF and EMR- Registry interfaces simultaneously;
- 5. Established data flows for Phase IV studies



# EMR Landscape in CF Care Centers, 2013





### **Timeliness of Data Collection**

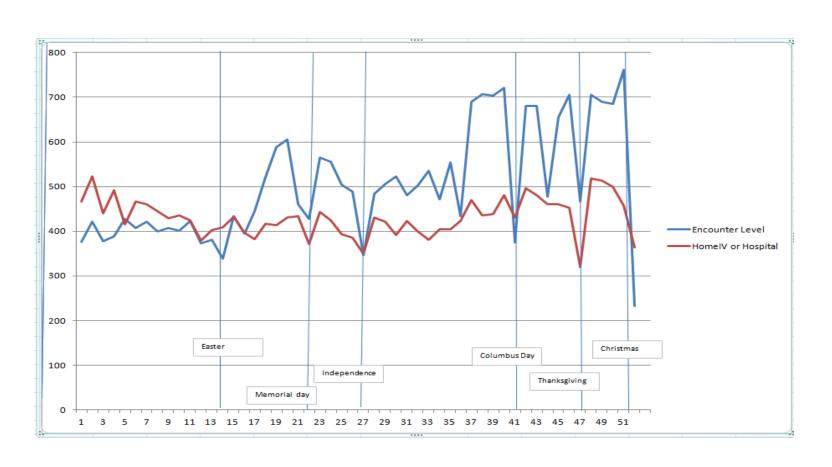
Data entry is not evenly distributed across the year

# Number of clinic encounters, by encounter date and date of entry to PortCF





# Seasonality of clinic visits and exacerbations



Week of a year

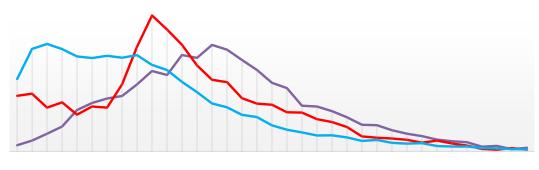


### Other Known Issues

0

- Patients lost to follow up;
- Medications: prescribed vs
   taken;
- Height and weight errors; % 5
- Adherence and social issues

Age distribution in different cohorts of US patients



0 4 8 12 16 20 24 28 32 36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 68 PATIENTS' AGE

- —Patients with Gaps in the Registry
- Lost to follow up
- —Seen continually



# Impact of data collection forms on PortCF data

### Making exacerbation question mandatory, increased number of PEX by 25%

Exacerbation Assessment					
What was your assessment regarding pulmonary exacerbation at this visit?	Absent [1]	Mild exacerbation [2]	Moderate exacerbation [3]	Severe exacerbation [4]	Opn't know/unable to answer [5]

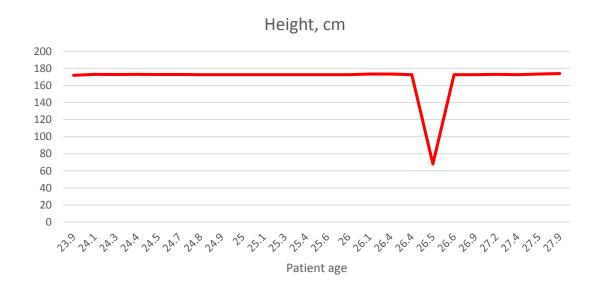
Removing carry forward functionality decreased number of reported hemoptysis cases by almost 100% In 2015

```
    Hemoptysis [4]
    Please specify selection of hemoptysis:
    Hemoptysis, massive [1]
    Hemoptysis, other [2]
```



# Methods to improve/monitor quality of registry data

- Data verifications with CF Centers, e.g. death dates, transplant dates, hemoptysis;
- Analytical methods to identify wrong values, e.g. wrong height, weight, date of birth, gender, etc;
- User reported errors identified due to QI projects;
- De-duplication of records;
- Programs like MAP (genotyping)
- Recoding of user text entries



Height

**Example of height error** 



# **Data Audits**

- Compares data between EMRs and PortCF;
- Sites are selected randomly and "Forcause";
- Auditors compare medications, hospitalizations, microbiology
- Excellent matching between EMRs and CF registry for all variables;
- "For-cause" and non TDN sties make slightly more errors

Encounter has been reviewed: Enco	unter not able to be verified: Encounter List
Demographics/General   Hospitalizations   Vitals   Micro	obiology Pulmonary Meds Enzymes PFTs Missing Encounters
Was the following present in missing encounters	? Was found? Auditor Comments
ТОВІ	
Bethkis	
Aztreonam (Cayston)	
azithromycin	
Clarithromycin	
Dnase (Dornase alfa)	
Hypertonic saline	
Kalydeco (Ivacaftor)	
MSSA	
MRSA	
Haemophilus Influenzae	
4	

	Data Completeness				ccuracy - Ex Weight va		Data Accuracy - Sites Collecting H/W			
		Mean	P-value	N Mean P-value		N	Mean	P-value		
	67	0.45	N A	67	1.51	N A	54	1.68	N A	
TDN Site			0.025			0.011			0.034	
Yes	44	0.26		44	1.32		33	1.49		
No	23	0.56		23	1.86		21	1.96		
For-Cause			0.923			0.031			0.001	
Yes	20	0.39		20	1.84		20	2.11		
No	47	0.35		47	1.36		34	1.42		





## Data comparisons

International comparisons of health and other measures of people with CF may highlight differences in health care and health outcomes between different countries

<u>Thorax</u>. Author manuscript; available in PMC 2016 Apr 20. Published in final edited form as:

Thorax. 2015 Mar; 70(3): 229-236.

Published online 2014 Sep 25. doi: 10.1136/thoraxjnl-2014-205718

PMCID: PMC4838510 NIHMSID: NIHMS771905

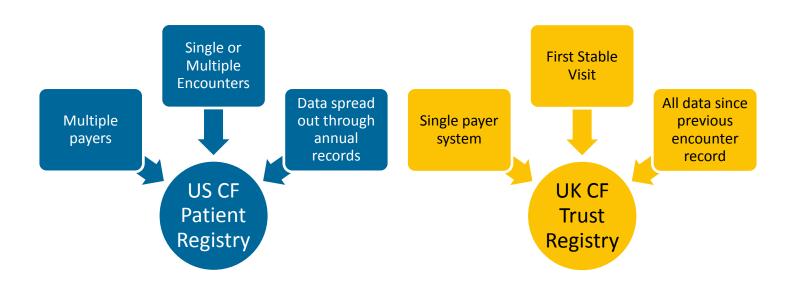
# Children and young adults with CF in the US have better lung function as compared to the UK

<u>Christopher H Goss</u>, <sup>1</sup> <u>Stephanie J MacNeill</u>, <sup>2</sup> <u>Hebe B Quinton</u>, <sup>3</sup> <u>Bruce C Marshall</u>, <sup>4</sup> <u>Alexander Elbert</u>, <sup>4</sup> <u>Emily A Knapp</u>, <sup>4</sup> <u>Kristofer Petren</u>, <sup>4</sup> <u>Elaine Gunn</u>, <sup>5</sup> <u>Joanne Osmond</u>, <sup>5</sup> <u>and Diana Bilton</u> <sup>6</sup>

<u>Author information</u> <u>▶</u> <u>Copyright and License information</u> ▶



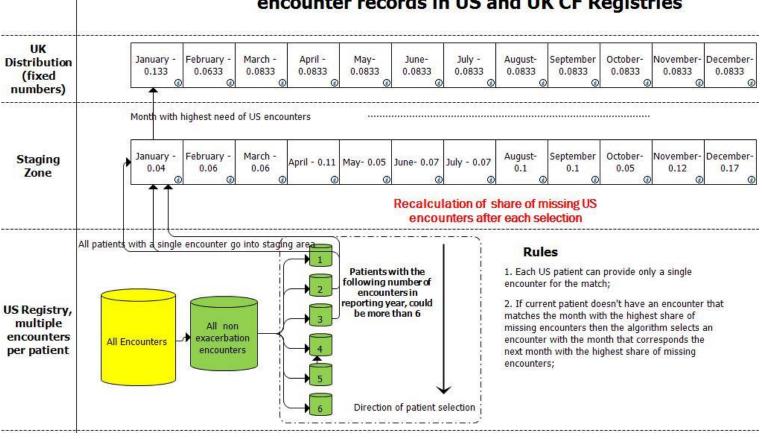
### **US UK Registry Data Comparison**





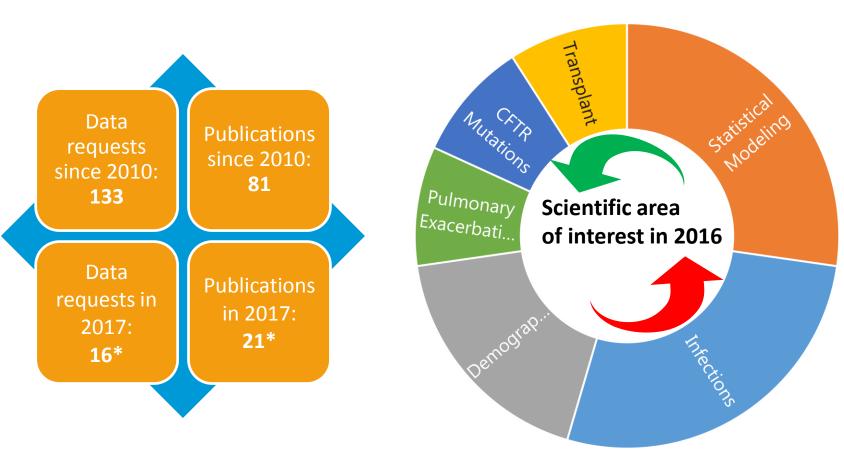
### Algorithm for matching seasonality

# Achieving equal seasonality distribution of recorded encounter records in US and UK CF Registries





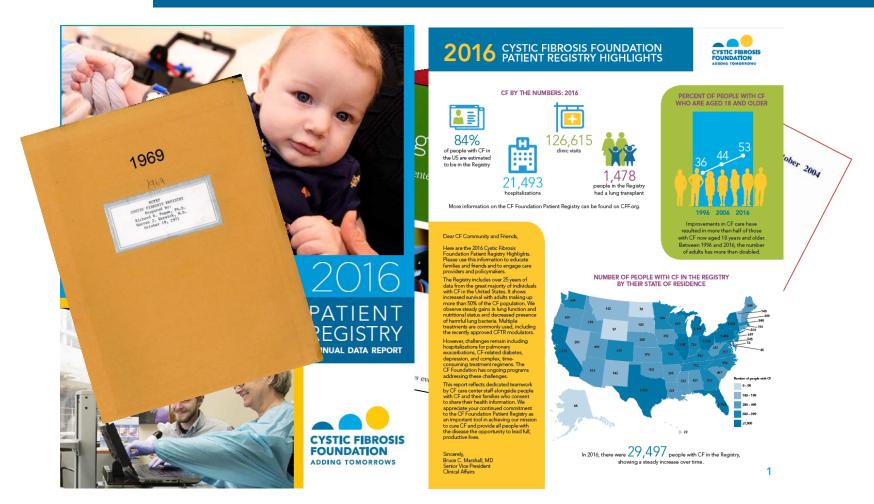
### **CF Patient Registry: Data research and publications**



<sup>\*</sup> Data for incomplete year



### **History of Registry Data Reporting**



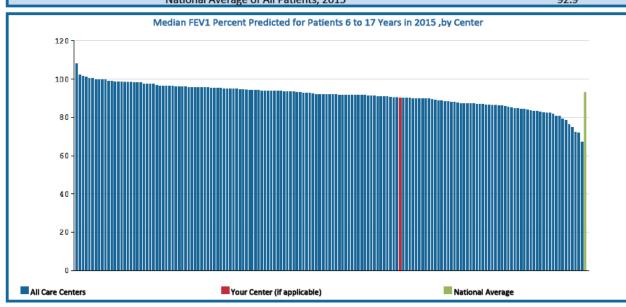
Before 2003, all CF registry reports were only available as a printed copy



## **Center Level Reports**

### Median FEV1 Percent Predicted for Patients 6 to 17 Years





Reports provided to each CF Center at the end of Reporting year;

Reports cover almost every important outcome measure;

Reports show data longitudinally and cross-sectionally;

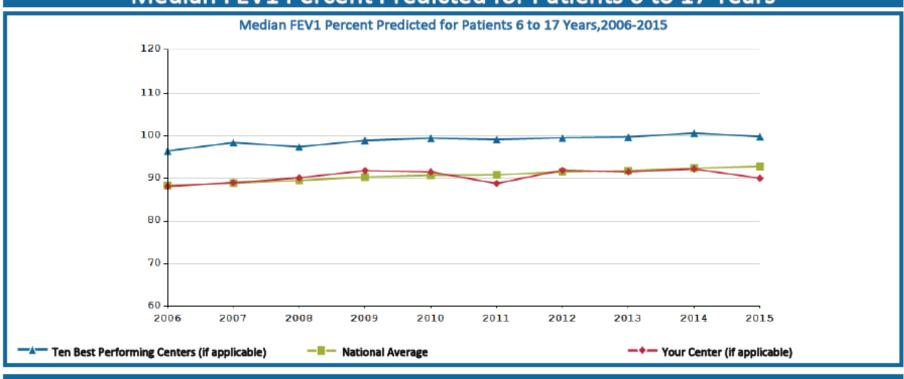
Reports allow to compare network-wide results with center-level data;

Reports have over 250 pages of charts and tables.



# **Center Level Reports**

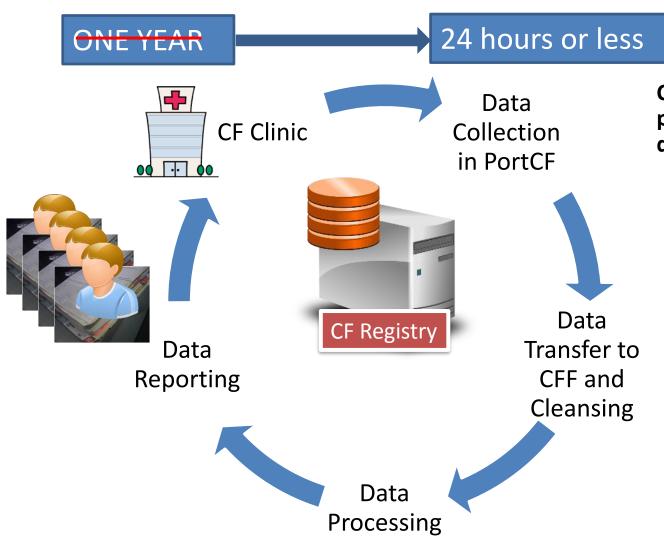
### Median FEV1 Percent Predicted for Patients 6 to 17 Years



	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Your Center	88.2	89.1	90.2	91.9	91.6	88.9	92.0	91.6	92.3	90.1
National Average	88.4	89.0	89.6	90.4	90.8	90.9	91.6	91.9	92.5	92.9
Ten Best Performing Centers	96.5	98.5	97.5	99.0	99.5	99.2	99.6	99.8	100.7	99.9



# Bringing Registry Data to Point of Care



January, 2017

CFSmartReports with patient–level data deployed!



are the web based version of CFSmartReports with your assible without the vital contribution of people with care team members who collect and enter the



## Patient Summary Report



CFSmartReports shows Hospitalizations and Home IV events right on FEV1 chart

Microbiology and Vital signs on the same page

Each report may inform Care Team of a patient's clinical trial eligibility

... and much more on other three pages!



## Shows patients eligible for clinical trials!

NTM-OB-17 Part A (PREDICT) Study:

Nick, Jerry Protocol Reviewed Sponsor: Study Phase: Other Status: Observational Date query deployed: Study Type: Intervention Type:

Number of Potentially Eligible Patients: 5

Program Number:1

8/14/2017

Solicitations Recruiting Studies Refe	rral Studies					
Trial Name	Sponsor	Study Phase	Status	Study Type	Intervention Type	
Proteostasis Phase 1 (PTI-808) PART 3		1	Protocol Reviewed	Interventional	Restore CFTR Function	Potentially eligible Patients
NTM-OB-17 Part A (PREDICT)		Other	Protocol Reviewed	Observational		Potentially eligible Patients
CHEC-SC		Other	Protocol Reviewed	Observational		Potentially eligible Patients
AbbVie Creon Phase 4 (M16-111)		4	Protocol Reviewed	Interventional	Nutritional-GI Therapies	Potentially eligible Patients
CURx Phase 2b (CX-FTI-204)		2	Protocol Reviewed	Interventional	Anti-Infective	Potentially eligible Patients
Laurent Phase 2 APPLAUD		2	Protocol Reviewed	Interventional	Anti- Inflammatory	Potentially eligible Patients
Novartis QBW276 Cohort 3		2	Protocol Reviewed	Interventional	Mucociliary Clearance	Potentially eligible Patients
Corbus JBT101-CF-002 Phase 2 PROPOSED		2	Not Reviewed	Interventional	Anti- Inflammatory	Potentially eligible Patients

Queries for 19 clinical trials as of Jan, 2018



### **Population Management Reports**

List of queries is revisited regularly. New report is usually published in 1-2 weeks after decision to add it

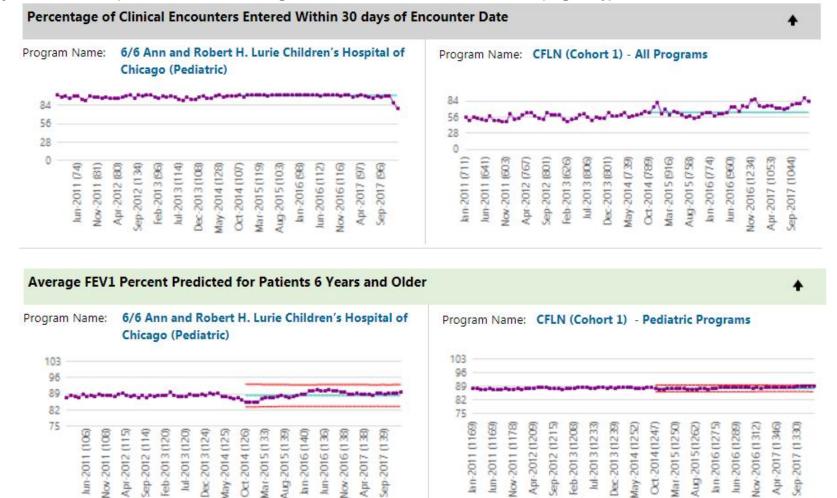
Annual Data Reports Center Specific Reports Data Entry Analysis Population Management Reports Please choose your Program: 9001/9001:My Test Pediatric Program Program Reports ▼ Please choose the Report Type: ' Reports Patient List Not seen by a Respiratory Therapist (RT) Not seen by a Physical Therapist (PT) Not seen by a Dietitian/Nutritionist (RD) Not seen by a Social Worker (SW) Not seen by a Pharmacist (Pharm) Patients with no Influenza vaccination Patients taking Enzymes (pancreatic insufficient) Patients with positive P. aeruginosa (PA) culture Patients with MDR-PA (multidrug-resistant P. aeruginosa) culture Patients with positive MRSA (methicillin-resistant S. aureus) culture Patients with positive Burkholderia culture Patients age 3 and older with <50% (GLI) FEV1 percent predicted Patients age < 2 years with <50th Weight-for-Length percentile Patients age 2-19 years with <50th BMI percentile Patients age 20+ with BMI under Goal (Females<22, Males<23)



### **Cystic Fibrosis Learning Network**

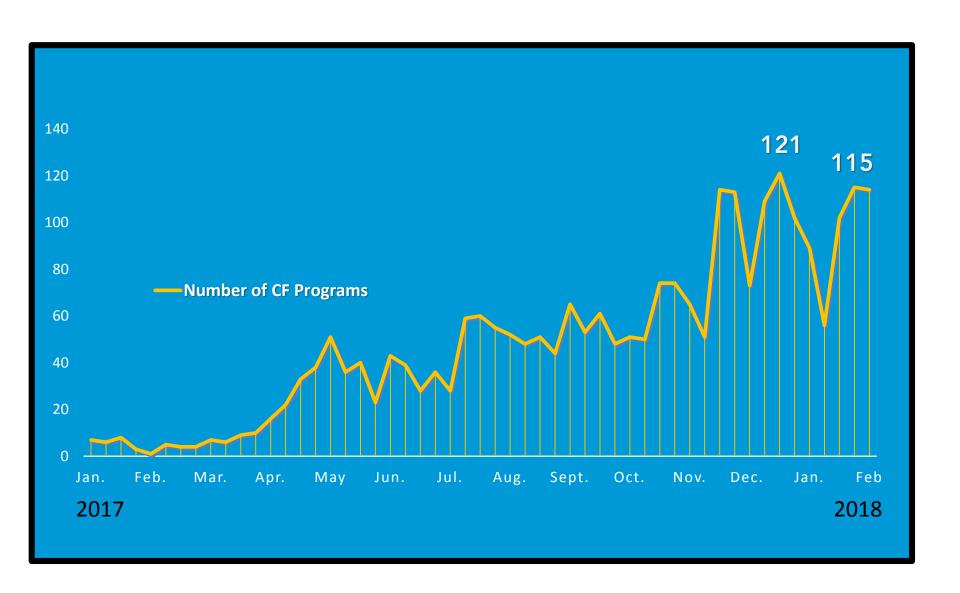
### **Data Quality Measures vs My Cohort**

A report of all data quality measures for your program and the appropriate comparison cohort. The comparison cohort includes all programs that joined the CFLN as part of the same onboarding wave but it does not take into account the program type.





## **Uptake of CFSmartReports**





### **Care Teams about CFSmartReports**

- 1. Saves them an incredible amount of time to not have to dig through labs, charts, etc... joy in work!
- 2. Allows them to use their time more valuably to track down referrals and other important info
- 3. Provides great historical information about each patient, which has really aligned their team around supporting a patient/ family (they project the report on the screen during PVP meetings and have had some great team dialogue about care)
- 4. Serves as a great data quality check they have found some missing data variables based on reviewing the reports together
- 5. Motivates their team to be more responsive to changes in data e.g. respond to a small change in lung function that they may not have responded to before
- 6. Highlights which patients are not consented for PortCF and getting them on board so they can benefit from these reports

### **Questions? Ideas?**

# Thank you!

Contact: aelbert@cff.org