

yCAT: Young Children's Assistive Technology



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Introduction

- Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) is a rare genetic disease
- The incidence of SMA is approximately 1 in 6,000 to 10,000 and there are more than 750,000 patients worldwide
- SMA is the number 1 genetic killer of infants and toddlers

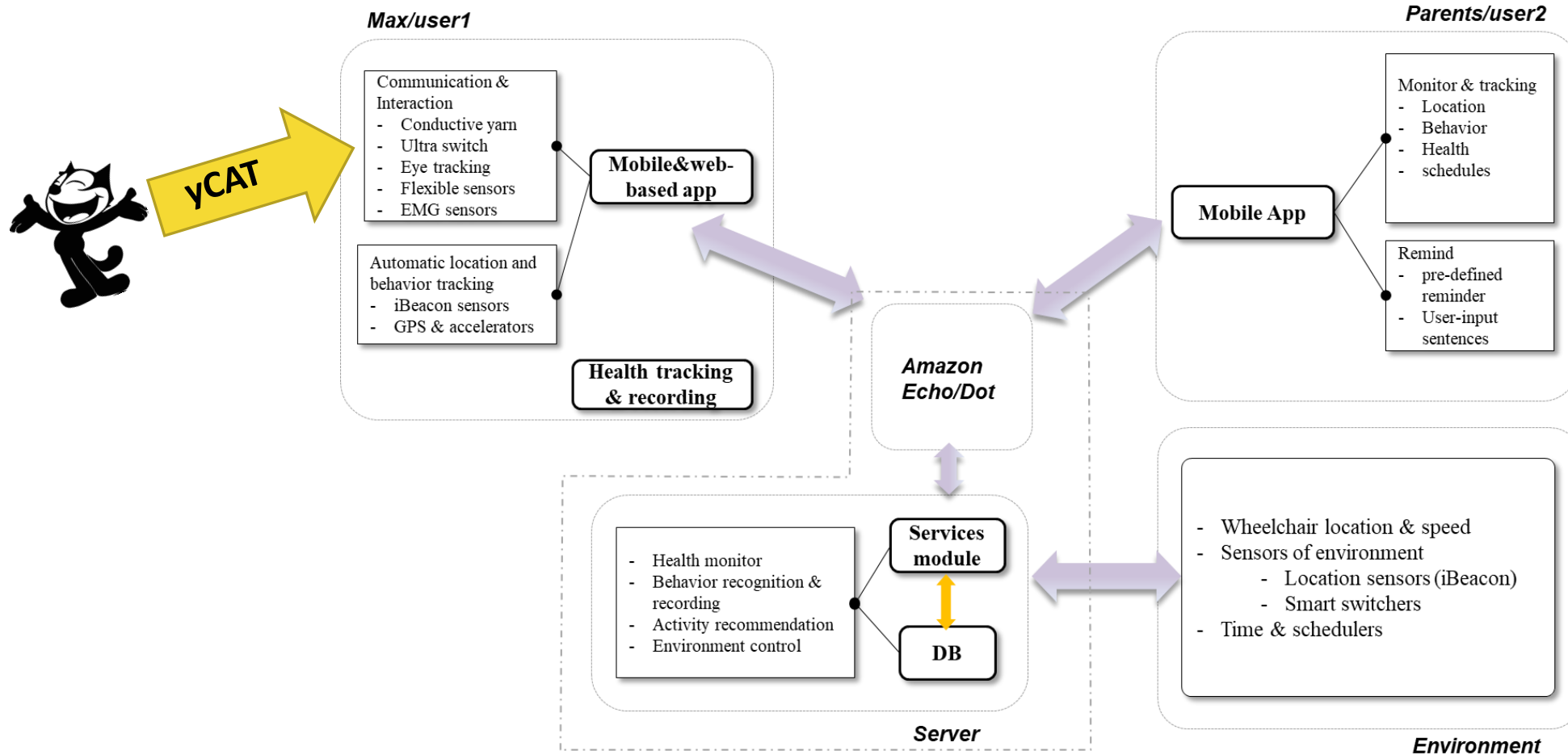
Introduction

- Some individuals with SMA are unable to walk, talk, eat and breathe independently
- Most of them have extremely limited movement functionality
- Their living expenses are very high
- Until recently, no attention to young children with SMA due to poor life expectancy and focus on school-based services
- Issues we hope to address:
 - Communication/interaction challenges
 - Lack of independence in environment control
 - Limited movement and mobility
 - Targeting very young users (age 2-5 years)

Where we stand

- Previous studies
 - Little research in SMA therapeutics, but some other related health conditions
 - Very limited services for children under age 6 (below school-age)
 - AAC tools for people with communication challenges, but not those with specific movement patterns of SMA
- Fast growing computer technologies, smart sensors and wearable devices
 - Real time feedback
 - Different human-computer interaction approaches
 - May provide supports anywhere, anytime

What we designed: An Interactive Healthcare System



Interactive Healthcare System*

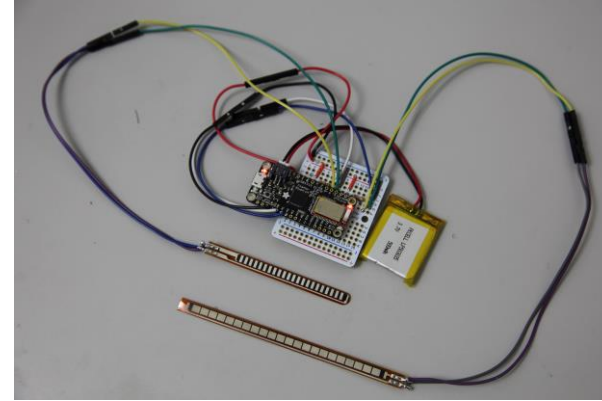
- System requirements
 - Real-time feedback
 - Well-designed user interface
 - Low cost architecture
- Sensor requirements
 - Customizable
 - Accurate
 - Position independent
 - Affordable

*** These factors were identified as relevant and desirable through our community-based needs-assessment**

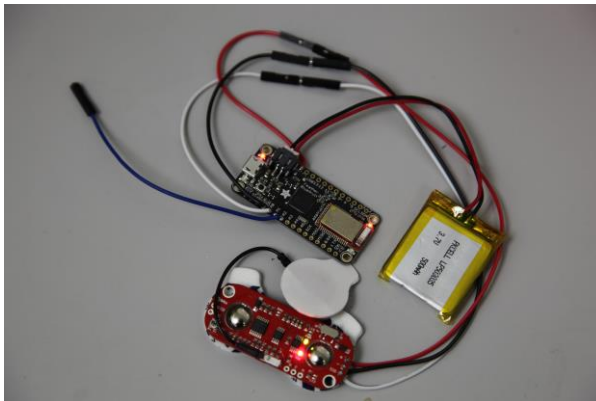
Multi-Modal Interaction Approach



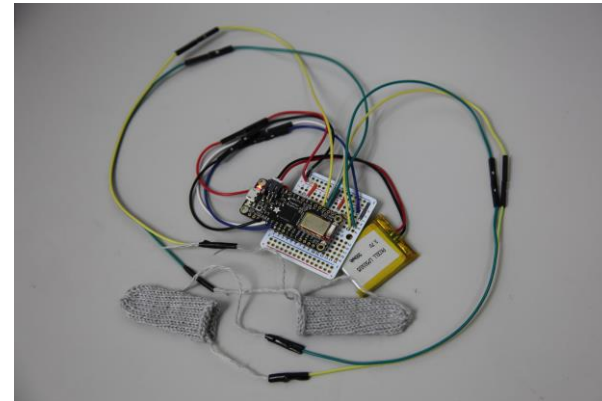
Micro Light Switches



Flex Sensor



EMG Muscle Sensor



Stretch Sensor

Pilot study: Interactive Game



Figure 4.5: Game Screenshot

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gameLog_5_7_2017 - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

Level 1
-----
Success!
Overall time: 2.166694s
Left clicks: 1
Right clicks: 3
Times answer was selected: 2
Time to select after selected: 1.267569s
-----

Level 2
-----
Success!
Overall time: 4.478886s
Left clicks: 1
Right clicks: 9
Times answer was selected: 2
Time to select after selected: 0.8682098s
-----

Level 3
-----
Success!
Overall time: 3.804489s
Left clicks: 1
Right clicks: 9
Times answer was selected: 2
Time to select after selected: 0.6451331s
-----
```

Figure 4.6: Operational Data

Web-Based Application



- Includes customizable images, spoken options, and full phrases once icons are selected.
- Plan is to be usable with variety of inputs including switches and eye gaze
- Because of spoken commands, can easily interface with Smart Home components such as Amazon Alexa/Google Home to control lighting, TV, etc.



Home



Kitchen

Living Room



Dining Room



Closet



Basement



Bedroom



Bathroom



BACK



Home



Kitchen



Help Cook

Pour



Eat Meal



Mix Ingredients



Measure



BACK

Our Plans

- Finalize web-based application, server development and database (Jan 2018)
- System testing (Jan 2018)
- Finalize user study protocols (Jan 2018)
- Participant recruitment (Feb 2018)
- User studies (3 arms – Spring, Summer, Fall 2018)

Planned Stages of Research

Stage 1

*Spring-
Summer
2018*

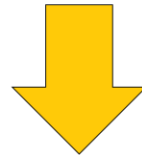
- Assess the speech-language components, as well as design features, usability, and testing protocols.
- Typically developing children ages 2-5 years old in a daycare program or preschool.



Stage 2

*Summer-
Fall 2018*

- Assess generalizability, user experience, and speech-language components within the community.
- Children with communication challenges ages 2-5 enrolled in a community-based therapy program.



Stage 3

Fall 2018

- Assess family use of the device within home settings, including customized inputs and mounting set-up.
- Children ages 2-5 diagnosed with a neuromuscular disorders, including SMA, and their families.